The Lives of the Apostles Part 1

Disciples who became Apostles

Matthew 4:18-22

Mark 1:16-20, Mark 2:13-14

Luke 5:1-11

John 1:35-51

In these days he went out to the mountain to pray, and all night he continued in prayer to God. // Luke 6:12

Dianuktereuo speaks of enduring at a task through the night. The word could not be used of sleeping all night. It's not an expression you would use if you wanted to say it was dark all night.

Apostles not Angels

And he appointed twelve (whom he also named apostles) so that they might be with him and he might send them out to preach. Mark 3:14

And when day came, he called his disciples and chose from them twelve, whom he named apostles. Luke 6:13

And he called the twelve together and gave them power and authority over all demons and to cure diseases, and he sent them out to proclaim the kingdom of God and to heal. // Luke 9:1-2

Apostolos is the Greek word for Apostle and means "one who is sent."

Angelos is the Greek word for Angel and means "messenger."

Apostolos conveyed the idea of an ambassador, a delegate, or an official representative.

Shaliah is the Aramaic word for Apostolos.

"In that first-century Jewish culture, the shaliah was an official representative of the Sanhedrin, the ruling council of Israel. A shaliah exercised the full rights of the Sanhedrin. He spoke for them, and when he spoke, he spoke with their authority. He was owed the same respect and deference as the council itself. But he never delivered his own message; his task was to deliver the message of the group whom he represented." // John MacArthur

"The one sent by the man is as the man himself." // Jewish Mishnah on the role of the *Shaliah*

An Eclectic Group

- Peter, Ander, James, and John were fishermen
 - Jeremiah 16:14-16
- Matthew was a tax collector
 - o Luke 19:1-10
- Simon was a Zealot
 - Zealots were an outlaw political party who took their hatred of Rome to an extreme and conspired to overthrow Roman rule.
 - One faction of the Zealots was known as sicarii. These
 Zealots carried small curved daggers hidden in cloaks used
 to perform assassinations. The sicarii usually staged these
 acts of execution at public functions in order to heighten
 fear.

The Names of the Apostles

Matthew 10:2–4	Mark 3:16–19	Luke 6:14–16	Acts 1:13
Simon (Peter)	Simon (Peter)	Simon (Peter)	Peter
Andrew	James son of Zebedee	Andrew	James
James son of Zebedee	John son of Zebedee	James	John
John son of Zebedee	Andrew	John	Andrew
Philip	Philip	Philip	Philip
Bartholomew	Bartholomew	Bartholomew	Thomas
Thomas	Matthew	Matthew	Bartholomew
Matthew	Thomas	Thomas	Matthew
James (son of Alphaeus)	James (son of Alphaeus)	James (son of Alphaeus)	James (son of Alphaeus)
Thaddeus (Lebbaeus)	Thaddeus	Simon the Zealot	Simon the Zealot
Simon the Zealot	Simon the Zealot	Judas (son of James)	Judas (son of James)
Judas Iscariot	Judas Iscariot	Judas Iscariot	

Now when they saw the boldness of Peter and John, and perceived that they were uneducated, common men, they were astonished. And they recognized that they had been with Jesus. // Acts 4:13

Agrammatoi - unlettered, unlearned, illiterate **Idiotai** - unskilled